1900/65A General Purpose Equipment Monitor

Datasheet

Cordant™

173401 Rev. AC



Description

The 1900/65A General Purpose Equipment Monitor is designed to continuously monitor and protect equipment that is used in a variety of applications and industries. The monitor's low cost makes it an ideal solution for general-purpose machines and processes that can benefit from continuous monitoring and protection.

Inputs

The 1900/65A provides four transducer inputs and four temperature inputs. Software can configure each transducer input to support 2- and 3-wire accelerometers, velocity sensors or proximity sensors. Each temperature input supports Type E, J, K, and T thermocouples, and 2- or 3-wire RTDs.

Outputs

The 1900/65A provides six relay outputs, four 4-20 mA recorder outputs, and a dedicated buffered output. The user can use the 1900 Configuration software to configure the relay contacts to open or close according to the OK, Alert and Danger statuses of any channel or combination of channels, and to provide data from any variable from any channel on any recorder output. The dedicated buffer output can provide the signal for each transducer input.

Baker Hughes

A Modbus Gateway option allows the monitor to provide static variables, statuses, event list, time and date information directly to any Modbus client, including Distributed Control Systems (DCSs), Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) systems, Programmable Logic Controllers (PLCs), or System 1 software. The monitor uses an internal counter and a Modbus client/master time reference to generate time and date information. Users can upgrade monitors without the Modbus Gateway by ordering the 1900/01 Communications Upgrade (see the Ordering Information section). The 1900/65A supports Modbus communications via Ethernet and a software-configurable RS232/485 serial port.

Configuration

The user defines monitor operation and the Modbus Gateway register map by using software running on a laptop or PC to create a configuration file and download the file to the monitor through the built-in Ethernet connection. The 1900/65A permanently stores configuration information in non-volatile memory, and can upload this information to the PC for changes.

Display Module

The 1900/65A supports an optional display/keypad to view channel information or make minor configuration changes. This allows the 1900/65A to operate as a stand-alone package. If desired, the user can mount the display up to 75 metres (250 feet) from the Monitor Module.

Specifications

Inputs

Transducer Inputs

Users can configure Channels 1 through 4 to accept input from acceleration, velocity or displacement transducers.

Transducer Channel Types

Channel Types define the functionality for processing that will be applied to an input signal and the kind of variables or measurement values that will be derived from this input. Channel Types also define the kind of sensor that must be used. Transducer Channel Types include:

- Acceleration or Reciprocating Acceleration
- Velocity or Reciprocating Velocity
- Radial Vibration (shaft vibration)
- Thrust (shaft axial displacement)
- Position
- Speed

Acceleration and Reciprocating Acceleration Channel Types

The Acceleration Channel Type and Reciprocating Acceleration Channel Type support two- and three-wire acceleration sensors. The Reciprocating Acceleration channel type has timed OK channel defeat disabled.

Acceleration Variables and Reciprocating Acceleration Variables

Acceleration Variables and Reciprocating Acceleration Variables are filtered and processed measurements from raw transducer signals. The Acceleration Channel Type and Reciprocating Acceleration Channel Type continuously processes up to four variables per channel.

Vibration	Up to three bandpass filtered amplitude measurements.
Acceleration Enveloping	Users can apply the acceleration enveloping algorithm to one Acceleration or Reciprocating Acceleration Variable.
Bias Voltage	Users may assign the value of the transducer bias voltage to any of the variables.

Configuration Options

Each variable is independently configured with the following options.

Vibration Variables	• Peak or RMS • Metric or English units • Filter corner frequencies • Full scale range • Acceleration integrated to velocity
Enveloped Variable	• Filter corner frequencies • Standard or Enhanced demodulation

Full Scale Range

Position	1 to 28 mm (50 to 1100 mils) span with adjustable zero position.
Gap	-24 V

Accuracy

Position Variables	±1% of full scale range

Input Impedance

Non-configurable	10 kΩ

Speed Channel Type

The Speed Channel Type measures speed using proximity sensors.

Speed Variables

Speed Variables are filtered and processed measurements from raw transducer signals.

Speed	Up to 4 speed measurements
Gap	Gap, voltage

Configurable Options

Each variable is independently configured with the following options:

Gap Filter	0.09 Hz 1-pole low-pass
OK Filter	2.4 kHz 1-pole low-pass

Full Scale Range

Speed	100 - 100,000 rpm

Events Per Revolution

EPR	0.001 to 1000

Accuracy

Speed Variables:	± 0.5 RPM + 0.015% of reading

Input Impedance

Non-configurable	10 kΩ

Temperature Inputs (Ch. 5 – 8)

Channels 5 through 8 support Type E, J, K, and T thermocouples, and 2- and 3-wire RTDs.

Temperature Variable

Temperature variables are processed measurements from raw transducer signals. The temperature channel type processes one temperature variable per channel.

Configurable Options

Each Variable is independently configured with the following options.

Units	°C or °F

Filters

Analog Filter	50 Hz 1-pole, low-pass
Digital Filter	Notch filter will attenuate the first 5 orders of 50 Hz and 60 Hz (49 Hz to 61 Hz) by a minimum of 100 dB.

Full Scale Range

Type E	-200 to 1000 °C (-328 to 1832 °F)
Type J	-210 to 1200 °C (-346 to 2192 °F
Type K	-200 to 1370 °C (-328 to 2498 °F)

Temperature / Speed Inputs

Minimum	1 second
Maximum	60 seconds
Adjustment Resolution	0.1 second

Relays

Relay Logic

The 1900/65A monitor has six relay outputs that users can program to open or close contacts according to user-defined logic statements. Logic statements use the OK, Alert and Danger statuses of any channel, or combination of channels as inputs.

Logical Operators

AND	bypassed channels ignored
True AND	bypassed channels included
OR	

Logical Operands

Monitor Inhibit

Monitor Not OK

Monitor Danger

Monitor Alert

Channel Not OK

Channel Danger

Channel Alert

Variable Danger

Variable Alert

Maximum Operands

50 per relay

Relay Configuration

The following configuration options are independent of the relay logic and can be configured for each relay:

- Latching or non-latching independent of alarm status
- Normally energized or normally de-energized
- Normally open and normally closed via contacts

Relay Specifications

Type

Single pole, double throw (SPDT)

Contact Ratings

Minimum Switched Current	12Vdc/100mA

DC specifications (resistive load)

Maximum Switched Current	5 A
Maximum Switched Power	70W @ 24 Vdc 10W @ 48 Vdc 9W @ 60 Vdc
Maximum SwitchedVoltage	60 Vdc

AC specifications (resistive load)

Maximum Switched Current	5 A
Maximum SwitchedPower	150 VA
Maximum SwitchedVoltage	30 Vac

Refer to Hazardous Area Special Considerations Section for Relay specifications when used in hazardous area applications.

Contact Life

100,000 cycles @ 5 A, 250 Vac
200,000 cycles @ 1 A, 24 Vdc

Sealing

Epoxy

Insulation Resistance

1000 MΩ minimum @ 500 Vdc

Inhibit, Reset, and Trip Multiply Inputs

Inhibit/Trip Multiply

Users can use software to configure the Inhibit/Trip Multiply input as either Inhibit or Trip Multiply.

When configured for Trip Multiply short-circuiting the Inhibit/Trip Multiply contact to RTN will increase Alert and Danger set points.

When configured for Inhibit the Inhibit input will inhibit (bypass or inactivate) Alert and Danger statuses. Short circuiting the INHIBIT contact to INHIBIT RTN will:

- Set all Variable Danger Statuses to logic 0
- Set all Variable Alert Statuses to logic 0
- Set Bypass and Inhibit Statuses to logic 1

Monitor Alarm Inhibit switch**, and **Monitor Trip Multiply switchmapped in the Modbus Gateway will remotely inhibit **Alert** and **Danger** statuses or activate **Trip Multiply** respectively.

Electrical

Activate Inhibit	50 kΩ or less (shorted)
De-activate Inhibit	500 kΩ or greater (open)

Reset

Use the Reset input to reset all latched alarms and latched relays. If the condition driving the status no longer exists, short-circuiting the RESET contact to RESET RTN will:

- Reset all latched Alert statuses
- Reset all latched Danger statuses
- Reset all latched Not OK statuses
- Reset all latched relays

Writing a non-zero value to the Modbus register ***Reset Latched Statuses*** mapped in the Modbus Gateway will reset the monitor remotely.

Electrical

Activate Reset	50 kΩ or less (shortened)
De-activate Reset	500 kΩ or greater (open)

Transducer Supplies

All outputs are short-circuit protected.

Two-Wire Current Mode

Current Source	3.3 mA ± 5%
Open Circuit Voltage	21 to 24 Vdc

Three-Wire Voltage Mode

Supply Voltage	-24.02 Vdc to –23.47 Vdc

Maximum Rated Current	15 mA
Short Circuit Current	15.1 mA to 23.6 mA

4-20 mA Interface

Number of Outputs	Four outputs, any of which may be configured to provide data from any channel and any variable.
Proportional Value	4 to 20 mA values are proportional to the channel full-scale.
Loop Supply Voltage	18 to 36 Vdc
Loop Resistance	600 Ω maximum
Accuracy	2% over operating temperature range
Update Rate	100 mS
Resolution	10 mA
Clamp Current	2 mA ± 10% (configurable for Not OK and Bypass)

Buffered Outputs

Display Module

A single buffered output on the Display Module provides access to input Channels 1 through 4. The signal does not have gain, and is not scaled. This output is buffered to provide short circuit and EMI protection.

Output Impedance	550 Ω
Bandwidth	40 kHz minimum (Display Module attached directly to Monitor) 8 kHz minimum (75 m (250 ft.) of cable)

Monitor Module

Each input for channels 1 through 4 has a dedicated buffered output. The signal does not have gain, and is not scaled. Each output is buffered to provided short circuit and EMI protection.

Output Impedance	550 Ω
Bandwidth	40 kHz minimum

Indicators

Monitor Module

Status LED	Indicates when the monitor is functioning properly.

Display Module

OK LED	Indicates when the monitor is functioning properly.
Alert LED	Indicates an Alert condition.
Danger LED	Indicates a Danger condition.
Bypass LED	Indicates that the monitor is in Bypass mode.
Trip Multiply LED	Indicates that the monitor is in Trip Multiply mode.
Channel LED	Indicates channel is active.
Display	Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) with backlight
Dimensions	68.6 mm (2.7 in) wide x 35.6 mm (1.4 in) high

Power Requirements

Input Voltage Range	18 to 36 Vdc
Operating Current	0.35 A typical, 1.0 A maximum
Operating Power	8.5 W typical, 14 W maximum

Physical

Monitor Module

Dimensions (L x W x H)	196.9 mm x 149.4 mm x 74.4 mm (7.75 in x 5.88 in x 2.93 in)
Weight	0.77 kg (1.70 lb)

Display Module

Dimensions (L x W x H)	196.9 mm x 149.4 mm x 32.8 mm (7.75 in x 5.88 in x 1.29 in)
Weight	0.40 kg (0.89 lb)

Mounting

DIN Rail Option	35 mm DIN rail
Bulkhead Option	Bulkhead mounting plate
Weatherproof Enclosure Option	NEMA 4X/IP66 Fiberglass Housing with window, 300.2 mm x 249.4 mm x 209.8 mm (11.82 in x 9.82 in x 8.26 in)

Configuration Software

The 1900 Configuration Software package contains everything necessary to install, configure, and maintain the 1900/65A monitor.

- Configuration Software
- Feature tools for installing and troubleshooting
- Simple display to help with configuration
- Ability to browse network for 1900 monitors
- Network configuration
- Configuration for channels, variables, setpoints, tag names, recorders and filters
- Configuration for the optional Modbus Gateway
- Configuration for relays and relay voting logic
- Off-line configuration allowing use of software when hardware is not available
- Firmware upgrade function and diagnostics
- Change bypass modes and setpoints on the fly
- Display component for statuses and variables
- Display Hardware Identification and manufacturing information
- Context-specific help

Environmental

Temperature

Operating	-20 to +70 °C (-4 to +158 °F)
Storage	-30 to +90 °C (-22 to +194 °F)

Humidity

Operating	95% non-condensing, maximum
Storage	95% non-condensing, maximum